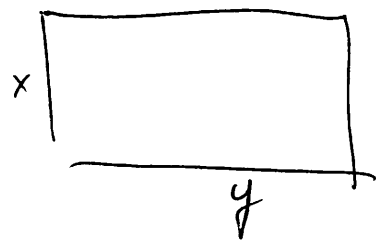


2. (a) objective function $A = xy$



(b) constraint:

$$300 = 2x + 2y$$

$$(c) \quad 300 - 2x = 2y$$

$$150 - x = y$$

$$A(x) = x(150 - x) \\ = 150x - x^2$$

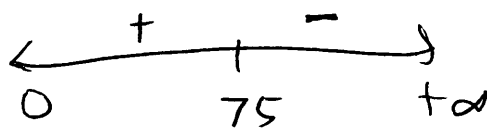
• intervals of increasing / decreasing

$$A'(x) = 150 - 2x$$

$$0 = 150 - 2x$$

$$150 = 2x$$

$$75 = x$$



increasing: $(0, 75)$

decreasing: $(75, +\infty)$

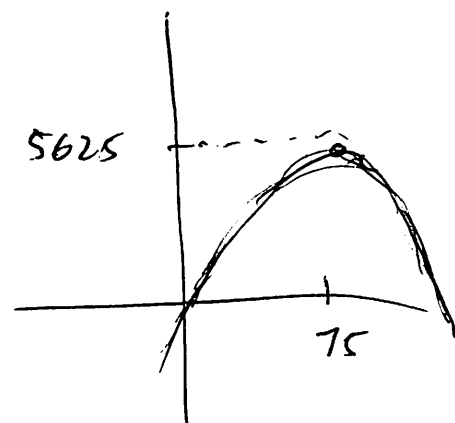
Relative max: $x = 75$

$$A(x) = 5625$$

(d)

Concavity: $A''(x) = -2$

concave down $(0, +\infty)$

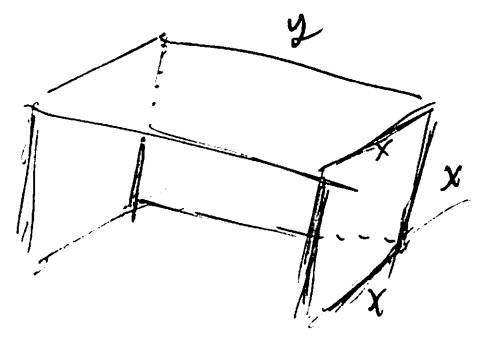


(e) Abs max: $x = 75$
area = 5625 $y = 75$

3.

(a) obj function = surface area

$$SA = \underbrace{x \cdot y}_{\text{top}} + \underbrace{x \cdot y}_{\text{back}} + \underbrace{x^2 + x^2}_{\text{2 sides}}$$



$$= 2xy + 2x^2$$

(b) constraint : $x^2y = 250$

↓

(c) $y = \frac{250}{x^2}$

$$SA(x) = \frac{2x \cdot 250}{x^2} + 2x^2$$

$$SA(x) = \frac{500}{x} + 2x^2$$

Increasing / Decreasing:

$$SA'(x) = -\frac{500}{x^2} + 4x$$

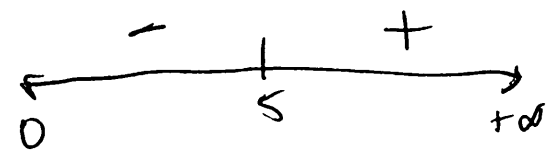
$$0 = -\frac{500}{x^2} + 4x$$

$$\frac{500}{x^2} = 4x$$

$$\frac{500}{4} = \frac{4x^3}{4} \rightarrow$$

$$125 = x^3$$

$$\underline{5 = x}$$



decreasing: $(0, 5)$

increasing: $(5, +\infty)$

Rel. max : $x = 5$

$$SA(5) = 150$$

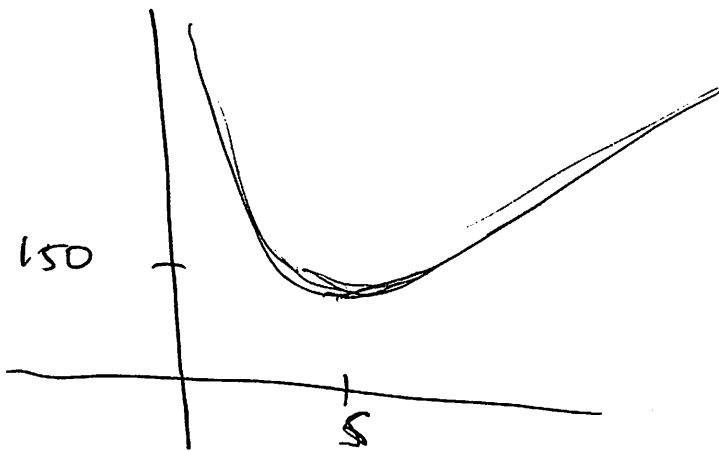
(c)

3. concavity:

$$S''(A) = \frac{1000}{x^3} + 4$$

When $x > 0$, $S''(A)$ always positive.

Therefore $S(A)$ concave up $(0, +\infty)$



Abs min: $x=5$ $SA=150$